

1. (3.1) Consider the angle $\theta = 210^\circ$.
 - (a) What is $\hat{\theta}$, the reference angle?
 - (b) Evaluate $\sin \theta$
 - (c) Evaluate $\sec \theta$
2. (3.1) Use a calculator to find θ to the nearest tenth of a degree if $\csc \theta = -1.4325$ and θ is in QIII.
3. (3.2) Use a calculator to convert 2.5 radians to degrees. Round your answer to the nearest tenth of a degree.
4. (3.2) Evaluate $4 \cos(2x + \pi)$ when $x = \frac{\pi}{6}$.
5. (3.3) From memory, complete QIII of the unit circle. Include the negative x -axis, the negative y -axis, all ordered pairs and each angle in degrees and radians (there will be 5 angles total).
6. (3.3) Find all values for which $\cot \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$ for $0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$.
7. (3.4) How far does the tip of an 8-inch long pendulum on a clock travel if it swings 25° ?
8. (3.4) A large pizza from Giovanni's measures 18 inches in diameter and is cut into 9 equal slices.
 - (a) What is the central angle at the tip of each slice (in degrees)?
 - (b) What is the area of one slice?
 - (c) If Mark wanted each slice to have an area of $\frac{27\pi}{4}$ in², how many equal slices will there be in a large pizza?
9. (4.1) Sketch the graph of $y = \tan x$ for $-\frac{\pi}{2} \leq x \leq \frac{3\pi}{2}$

10. (4.1) Prove the following identity:

$$\cos(-\theta) \csc(-\theta) \tan(-\theta) = 1$$

11. (4.2) Graph one complete cycle of

$$y = -\frac{1}{2} \cos(\pi x)$$

12. (4.3) Consider the graph of

$$f(x) = 1 - 2 \sin\left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$$

Determine each of the following:

- (a) Amplitude
 - (b) Period
 - (c) Phase shift
 - (d) Vertical translation
 - (e) Range
13. (4.3) Graph one cycle of (from #12)

$$f(x) = 1 - 2 \sin\left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$$

14. (4.4) Graph one cycle of

$$y = 2 \csc\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

15. (4.7) Evaluate: $\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$

16. (4.7) Simplify: $\cos^{-1}(\sin 240^\circ)$

17. (4.7) Simplify: $\cot\left(\sin^{-1}\frac{x}{5}\right)$

MATH 142 EXAM 2 REVIEW – ANSWERS

1. (a) 30° ; (b) $-\frac{1}{2}$; (c) $-\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$

2. 224.3°

3. 143.2°

4. -2

5. Moving counter clockwise:

$(-1, 0), 180^\circ, \pi$

$(-\sqrt{3}/2, -1/2), 210^\circ, 7\pi/6$

$(-\sqrt{2}/2, -\sqrt{2}/2), 225^\circ, 5\pi/4$

$(-1/2, -\sqrt{3}/2), 240^\circ, 4\pi/3$

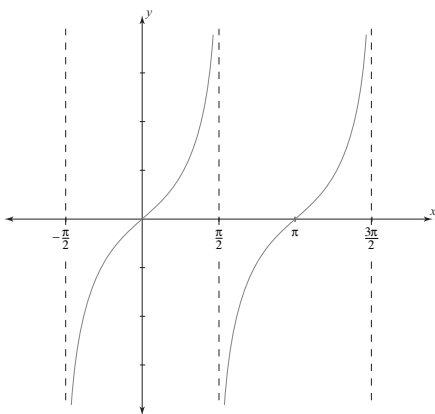
$(0, -1), 270^\circ, 3\pi/2$

6. $\frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3}$

7. $\frac{10\pi}{9}$ inches

8. (a) 40° ; (b) $9\pi \text{ in}^2$; (c) 12 slices

9. graph:

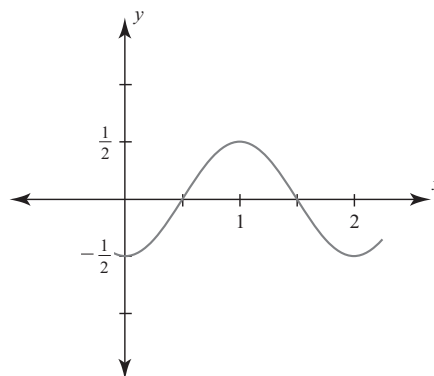


10. $\cos(-\theta) \csc(-\theta) \tan(-\theta) =$

$$\cos(-\theta) \frac{1}{\sin(-\theta)} \frac{\sin(-\theta)}{\cos(-\theta)} =$$

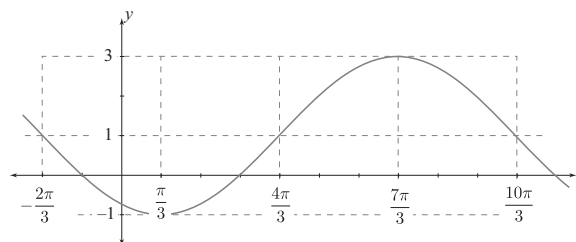
$$\cos(\theta) \frac{1}{-\sin \theta} \frac{-\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = 1$$

11. graph:

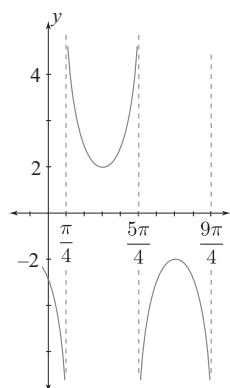


12. (a) 2; (b) 4π ; (c) $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ units to the left; (d) one unit up; (e) $[-1, 3]$

13. graph:



14. graph:



15. $-\frac{\pi}{6}$

16. 150°

17. $\frac{\sqrt{25-x^2}}{x}$